Class- X Session- 2022-23

Subject- Mathematics (Standard)

Sample Question Paper

Time Allowed: 3 Hrs. Maximum Marks: 80

General Instructions:

- 1. This Question Paper has 5 Sections A-E.
- 2. Section A has 20 MCQs carrying 1 mark each
- 3. Section **B** has 5 questions carrying 02 marks each.
- 4. Section C has 6 questions carrying 03 marks each.
- 5. Section **D** has 4 questions carrying 05 marks each.
- **6.** Section **E** has 3 case based integrated units of assessment (04 marks each) with subparts of the values of 1, 1 and 2 marks each respectively.
- 7. All Questions are compulsory. However, an internal choice in 2 Qs of 5 marks, 2 Qs of 3 marks and 2 Questions of 2 marks has been provided. An internal choice has been provided in the 2marks questions of Section E
- 8. Draw neat figures wherever required. Take $\pi = 22/7$ wherever required if not stated.

		S	SECTION A		
		Section A consists of	of 20 questions of 1	mark each.	
S.NO			-		MA RKS
1		wo positive integers s If $HCF(a,b) = p^mq^n$ a (b) 30		$db = p^2q^3$, where p and q are then $(m+n)(r+s)=$ (d) 72	1
2	Let p be a prime (a) x^2 –px +p=0			ts roots as factors of p is $x + p = 0$ (d) $x^2 - px + p + 1 = 0$	1
3	If α and β are the zeros of a polynomial $f(x) = px^2 - 2x + 3p$ and $\alpha + \beta = \alpha\beta$, then p is				1
	(a)-2/3	(b) 2/3	(c) 1/3	(d) -1/3	
4	If the system of	equations $3x+y=1$ and	$\frac{1}{1} d(2k-1)x + (k-1)y = 2$	2k+1 is inconsistent, then $k =$	1
	(a) -1	(b) 0	(c) 1	(d) 2	
5	If the vertices of a parallelogram PQRS taken in order are P(3,4), Q(-2,3) and R(-3,-2) then the coordinates of its fourth vertex S are			P(3,4), Q(-2,3) and R(-3,-2),	1
	(a) (-2,-1)	(b) (-2,-3)	(c) $(2,-1)$	(d) (1,2)	
6	Δ ABC~ Δ PQR. If AM and PN are altitudes of Δ ABC and Δ PQR respectively and AB ² : PQ ² = 4 : 9, then AM: PN =			ΔPQR respectively and	1
	(a) 3:2	(b) 16:81	(c) 4:9	(d) 2:3	

7	If x tan 60° cos (a) cos30°	$60^{\circ} = \sin 60^{\circ} \cot 60^{\circ}, t$ (b) $\tan 30^{\circ}$	hen $x =$ (c) $\sin 30^{\circ}$	(d) co	ot30°	1		
8	$ \begin{array}{c c} & \text{If } \sin\theta + \cos\theta = \\ & \text{(a) } 1 \end{array} $	$= \sqrt{2}, \text{ then } \tan\theta + \cot\theta$ (b) 2	(c) 3	(d) 4		1		
9		gure, DE BC, AE = a			and BC = v	1		
		f the following is true?						
			A					
		D E						
		B	C					
	(a) $x = \frac{a+b}{ay}$	(b) $y = \frac{ax}{a+b}$	(c) $x = \frac{ay}{a+b}$	(d) $\frac{x}{y}$	$=\frac{a}{b}$			
10	-	pezium with AD BC other at O such that AC		-		1		
	(a) 6cm	(b) 7cm	(c) 8cm	(d) 90				
11		If two tangents inclined at an angle of 60° are drawn to a circle of radius 3cm, then the						
	$(a) \frac{3\sqrt{3}}{2} \text{ cm}$	tangent is equal to (b) 3cm	(c) 6cm	(d) 3°	√3cm			
12		he circle that can be in			2	1		
	(a) $36\pi \text{ cm}^2$	(b) $18\pi \text{ cm}^2$	(c) $12 \pi \text{cm}^2$	(a) 9	9π cm ²			
13	The sum of the length, breadth and height of a cuboid is $6\sqrt{3}$ cm and the length of its diagonal is $2\sqrt{3}$ cm. The total surface area of the cuboid is							
	(a) 48 cm ²	(b) 72 cm ²	(c) 96 cm2		08 cm ²			
14	If the difference of Mode and Median of a data is 24, then the difference of median and mean is					1		
	(a) 8	(b) 12	(c) 24	(d) 36	6			
15	The number of revolutions made by a circular wheel of radius 0.25m in rolling a distance of 11km is					1		
	(a) 2800	(b) 4000	(c) 5500	(d) 70	000			
16	For the follow	ing distribution,				1		
	Class	0-5 5-10	10-15	15-20	20-25			
	Frequency	10 15	12	20	9			
					ξ.			
		lower limits of the me (b) 25	dian and modal class (c) 30	s is (d) 35	5			

17	Two dice are rolled simultaneously. What is the probability that 6 will come up at least once?				1	
		(1) 7/07	() 11/0 ((1) 12/26		
	(a)1/6	(b) 7/36	(c) 11/36	(d) 13/36		
18	If $5 \tan \beta = 4$, th	$en \frac{5 \sin \beta - 2 \cos \beta}{5 \sin \beta + 2 \cos \beta} =$			1	
	(a) 1/3	(b) 2/5	(c) 3/5	(d) 6		
		statement of Reason (I		ment of assertion (A) is	1	
19	Statement A (A) their LCM is 3-	, .	of two numbers is 57	80 and their HCF is 17, then	1	
	Statement R(F	Reason): HCF is alwa	ys a factor of LCM			
	(a) Both assertion (A)	, ,	are true and reason ((R) is the correct explanation		
	(b) Both assertion (A) and reason (R) are true and reason (R) is not the correct explanation of assertion (A)					
	(c) Assertion (A) is true but reason (R) is false.					
	(d) Assertion (A) is false but reason (R) is true.					
20	,	Assertion): If the co-or $D(3,5)$ and $E(-3,-3)$ res	*	points of the sides AB and AC 20 units	1	
	Statement $R(Reason)$: The line joining the mid points of two sides of a triangle is parallel to the third side and equal to half of it.					
	(a) Both assertion (A)		are true and reason ((R) is the correct explanation		
	(b) Both asserti	ion (A) and reason (R) assertion (A)	are true and reason ((R) is not the correct		
	(c) Assertion (A	A) is true but reason(R) is false.			
	(d) Assertion (A	A) is false but reason(I	R) is true.			

	SECTION B		
	Section B consists of 5 questions of 2 marks each.		
S.No.			
21	If $49x+51y=499$, $51x+49y=501$, then find the value of x and y	2	
22	In the given figure below, $\frac{AD}{AE} = \frac{AC}{BD}$ and $\angle 1 = \angle 2$. Show that \triangle BAE \sim \triangle CAD.	2	
23	In the given figure, O is the centre of circle. Find ∠AQB, given that PA and PB are tangents to the circle and ∠APB= 75°.	2	
24	The length of the minute hand of a clock is 6cm. Find the area swept by it when it moves from 7:05 p.m. to 7:40 p.m. OR In the given figure, arcs have been drawn of radius 7cm each with vertices A, B, C and D of quadrilateral ABCD as centres. Find the area of the shaded region.	2	

25	If $sin(A+B) = 1$ and $cos(A-B) = \sqrt{3/2}$, $0^{\circ} < A+B \le 90^{\circ}$ and $A > B$, then find the measures of angles A and B.	2
	OR	
	Find an acute angle θ when $\frac{\cos\theta - \sin\theta}{\cos\theta + \sin\theta} = \frac{1 - \sqrt{3}}{1 + \sqrt{3}}$	

	SECTION C			
	Section C consists of 6 questions of 3 marks each.			
S.No	•	Marks		
26	Given that $\sqrt{3}$ is irrational, prove that $5 + 2\sqrt{3}$ is irrational.	3		
27	If the zeroes of the polynomial $x^2 + px + q$ are double in value to the zeroes of the polynomial $2x^2 - 5x - 3$, then find the values of p and q.	3		
28	A train covered a certain distance at a uniform speed. If the train would have been 6 km/h	3		
	faster, it would have taken 4 hours less than the scheduled time. And, if the train were			
	slower by 6 km/hr; it would have taken 6 hours more than the scheduled time. Find the			
	length of the journey.			
	OR			
	Anuj had some chocolates, and he divided them into two lots A and B. He sold the first			
	lot at the rate of ₹2 for 3 chocolates and the second lot at the rate of ₹1 per chocolate, and			
	got a total of ₹400. If he had sold the first lot at the rate of ₹1 per chocolate, and the			
	second lot at the rate of ₹4 for 5 chocolates, his total collection would have been ₹460.			
	Find the total number of chocolates he had.			
29	Prove the following that-	3		
	$\frac{\tan^3\theta}{1+\tan^2\theta} + \frac{\cot^3\theta}{1+\cot^2\theta} = \sec\theta \csc\theta - 2\sin\theta \cos\theta$			
30	Prove that a parallelogram circumscribing a circle is a rhombus	3		
	OR			

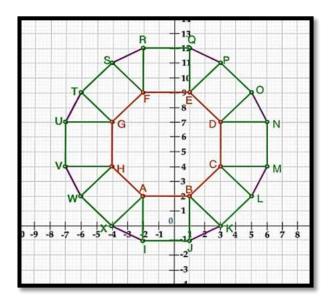
	In the figure XY and X'Y' are two parallel tangents to a circle with centre O and another tangent AB with point of contact C interesting XY at A and X'Y' at B, what is the measure of $\angle AOB$.				
31	Two coins are tossed simultaneously. What is the probability of getting (i) At least one head? (ii) At most one tail? (iii) A head and a tail?	3			
	SECTION D				
N N T	Section D consists of 4 questions of 5 marks each.				
5.No 32		Marks 5			
, <u> </u>	To fill a swimming pool two pipes are used. If the pipe of larger diameter used for 4 hours				
	and the pipe of smaller diameter for 9 hours, only half of the pool can be filled. Find, how				
	long it would take for each pipe to fill the pool separately, if the pipe of smaller diameter				
	takes 10 hours more than the pipe of larger diameter to fill the pool?				
	OR				
	In a flight of 600km, an aircraft was slowed down due to bad weather. Its average speed				
	for the trip was reduced by 200 km/hr from its usual speed and the time of the flight				
	increased by 30 min. Find the scheduled duration of the flight.				
33	Prove that if a line is drawn parallel to one side of a triangle intersecting the other two sides in distinct points, then the other two sides are divided in the same ratio.	5			
	Using the above theorem prove that a line through the point of intersection of the diagonals and parallel to the base of the trapezium divides the non parallel sides in the same ratio.				

					Ι		
34	Due to heavy floods in a	state, thousands v	were rendered	homeless. 50 schools	5		
	collectively decided to provide place and the canvas for 1500 tents and share the						
	whole expenditure equally. The lower part of each tent is cylindrical with base						
	radius 2.8 m and height 3.	.5 m and the uppe	er part is conic	al with the same base			
	radius, but of height 2.1 n	n. If the canvas us	sed to make th	e tents costs ₹120 per m ² ,			
	find the amount shared by	each school to se	et up the tents				
		OR	2				
	There are two identical solic	d cubical boxes of s	side 7cm. From	the top face of the first cube			
	a hemisphere of diameter ed	qual to the side of th	ne cube is scoop	ped out. This hemisphere is			
	inverted and placed on the to	op of the second cu	ıbe's surface to	form a dome. Find			
	(i) the ratio of the t	otal surface area of	f the two new se	olids formed			
	(ii) volume of each	new solid formed.					
35	The median of the following	ing data is 525. Fi	ind the values o	of x and y, if the total	5		
	frequency is 100						
		Class interval	Frequency				
		0-100	2				
		100-200	5				
		200-300	X				
		300-400	12				
		400-500	17				
		500-600	20				
		600-700	у				
		700-800	9				
		800–900	7				
		900-1000	4				
				=	1		

	SECTION E		
	Case study based questions are compulsory.		
36	A tiling or tessellation of a flat surface is the covering of a plane using one or more geometric shapes, called tiles, with no overlaps and no gaps. Historically, tessellations were used in ancient Rome and in Islamic art. You may find tessellation patterns on floors, walls, paintings etc. Shown below is a tiled floor in the archaeological Museum of Seville, made using squares, triangles and hexagons.		



A craftsman thought of making a floor pattern after being inspired by the above design. To ensure accuracy in his work, he made the pattern on the Cartesian plane. He used regular octagons, squares and triangles for his floor tessellation pattern

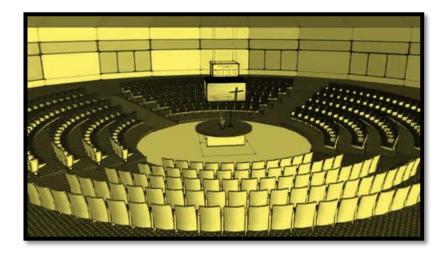


Use the above figure to answer the questions that follow:

- (i) What is the length of the line segment joining points B and F?
- (ii) The centre 'Z' of the figure will be the point of intersection of the diagonals of quadrilateral WXOP. Then what are the coordinates of Z?
- (iii) What are the coordinates of the point on y axis equidistant from A and G?

OR

What is the area of Trapezium AFGH?



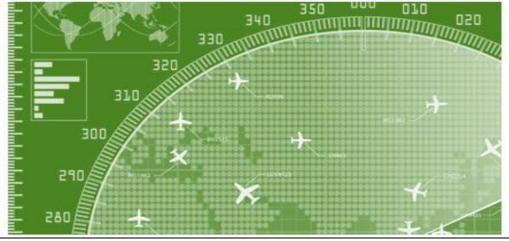
- (i) If the first circular row has 30 seats, how many seats will be there in the 10th row?
- (ii) For 1500 seats in the auditorium, how many rows need to be there?

OR

If 1500 seats are to be arranged in the auditorium, how many seats are still left to be put after 10th row?

(iii) If there were 17 rows in the auditorium, how many seats will be there in the middle row?

We all have seen the airplanes flying in the sky but might have not thought of how they actually reach the correct destination. Air Traffic Control (ATC) is a service provided by ground-based air traffic controllers who direct aircraft on the ground and through a given section of controlled airspace, and can provide advisory services to aircraft in non-controlled airspace. Actually, all this air traffic is managed and regulated by using various concepts based on coordinate geometry and trigonometry.



2

1

At a given instance, ATC finds that the angle of elevation of an airplane from a point on the ground is 60° . After a flight of 30 seconds, it is observed that the angle of elevation changes to 30° . The height of the plane remains constantly as $3000\sqrt{3}$ m. Use the above information to answer the questions that follow-

- (i) Draw a neat labelled figure to show the above situation diagrammatically.
- (ii) What is the distance travelled by the plane in 30 seconds?

OR

Keeping the height constant, during the above flight, it was observed that after $15(\sqrt{3} - 1)$ seconds, the angle of elevation changed to 45° . How much is the distance travelled in that duration.

(iii) What is the speed of the plane in km/hr.

1

2

1